



CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CPI)

May 2015

10 June 2015

1. Summary

This is the monthly publication for the Consumer Price Index for the month of May 2015. The Urban CPI will be the focus of the publication as it is the headline index for monetary policy purposes.

1.1. Urban Index

The Urban CPI increased by 2.2 percent on annual basis and increased by 0.6 percent on a monthly basis. The annual average rate between May 2015 and May 2014 is 1.1 percent.

1.2. Rural Index

The Rural CPI increased by 1.2 percent on an annual basis, and decreased by 0.2 percent on a monthly basis.

1.3. Overall Rwanda Index

The Rwanda CPI increased by 1.6 percent on an annual basis, and increased by 0.1 percent on a monthly basis.

TABLE 1: Consumer Price Index	, Urban and	l Rural												
percentage change on the same period 12 months earlier:														
2014							2015							
	May.	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	
Urban CPI Annual change	1.9	1.4	1.9	0.9	0.2	0.5	0.7	2.1	1.4	0.7	0.8	0.9	2.2	
Rural CPI Annual change	5.4	6.1	4.5	4.7	-0.6	-3.2	-4.9	-1.7	-0.2	. 0.0	-1.3	1.5	1.2	
Rwanda CPI Annual change	4.2	4.5	3.5	3.3	-0.4	-2.1	-3.1	-0.4	0.4	0.2	-0.7	1.2	1.6	
Urban CPI Monthly change	-0.7	-0.5	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.6	-0.7	-0.3	-0.5	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.6	
Rural CPI Monthly change	0.0	0.0	-0.5	0.8	0.2	-0.8	-1.7	-1.8	-1.3	s 1.4	2.4	2.7	-0.2	
Rwanda CPI Monthly change	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	0.6	0.3	-0.3	-1.4	-1.3	-1.0) 1.1	1.9	2.0	0.1	
Source: NISR														

2. Urban Consumer Price Index

The Urban Consumer Price Index is calculated based on approximately 1022 products in twelve urban centres of Rwanda. The table below shows the monthly and annual change in May 2015 for the main categories of the urban index.

TABLE 2:	Consumer Price Index, Urban summary		Percentage cha	nge in May. 2015
Code	Categories	Weights	on Apr. 2015	on May. 2014
	GENERAL INDEX	100%	0.6%	2.2%
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	28%	0.2%	3.8%
01.1.1	Bread and cereals	5%	-0.6%	6.5%
01.1.2	Meat	2%	0.5%	4.2%
01.1.4	Milk cheese and eggs	2%	0.0%	2.2%
01.1.7	Vegetables	10%	1.1%	6.2%
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	1%	-0.1%	1.1%
02	Alcoholic beverages tobacco and narcotics	3%	1.6%	2.4%
03	Clothing and footwear	4%	0.4%	2.6%
04	Housing water, electricity, gas and other fuels	23%	1.4%	4.5%
05	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	4%	-0.1%	0.6%
06	Health	1%	0.1%	0.0%
07	Transport	18%	0.8%	-2.5%
08	Communication	3%	0.0%	0.2%
09	Recreation and culture	2%	0.0%	4.1%
10	Education	6%	0.0%	0.5%
11	Restaurants and hotels	4%	0.1%	3.1%
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	4%	0.2%	2.4%
Source:	NISR			

The Urban CPI increased by 2.2 percent in May 2015 compared to the same month of the previous year. This is mainly due to the rising prices of 'Food and non-alcoholic beverages' 3.8 percent and 'Housing water, electricity, gas and other fuels' 4.5 percent. The biggest negative contribution came from 'Transport' (0.4 percentage points).

The monthly change in CPI is 0.6 percent compared to April 2015. 'Food and non-alcoholic beverages' increased by 0.2 percent, Housing water, electricity, gas and other fuels 1.4 percent and Transport 0.8 percent.

The underlying inflation rate (excluding fresh food and energy) increased by 0.4 percent when compared to April 2015 and increased by 2.0 percent when compared to May 2014. The annual average underlying inflation rate is 2.3 percent.

TABLE3: Consumer Price Ind	ex (Urban only	/): Core a	nd Gene	ral, annu	al perce	entage c	hange (e	evolution	n over 12	2 month	s)		
percentage change on the same period 12 months earlier:													
2014						2015							
	May.	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.
General index	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.6	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.1
Core / Underlying index	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.3
Source: NISR									•				

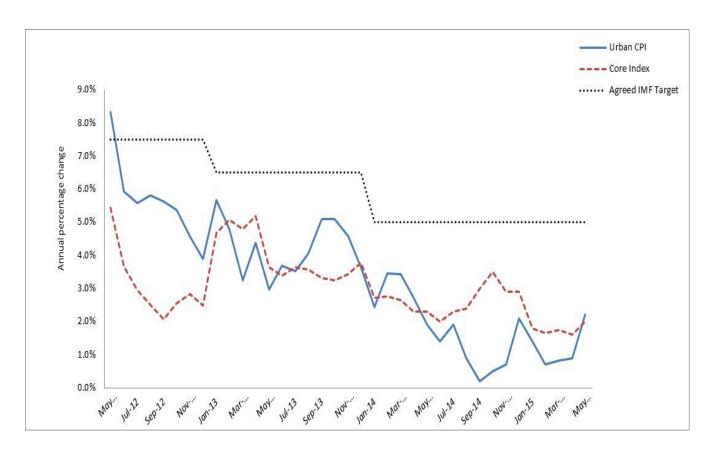


Figure 1: Annual changes in urban CPI (May 2012 – May 2015)

3. Other selected urban indices

In this section, we present five selected urban indices - the local goods index, the imported goods index, the fresh products index, the energy index and the core index.

On an annual basis, the local goods index increased by 2.8 percent, the imported goods index increased by 0.6 percent, the fresh products index increased by 3.9 percent, the energy index increased by 0.5 percent and the core index or the general index excluding fresh products and energy increased by 2.0 percent.

On a monthly basis, the local goods index increased by 0.6 percent; the imported goods index increased by 0.6 percent, the fresh products index increased by 0.9 percent, the energy index increased by 2.1 percent and the core index increased by 0.4 percent.

TABLE 4: Consumer Price Index (Urban only), Core		Percentage change	e in May. 2015
Categories	Weights	on Apr. 2015	on May. 2014
GENERAL INDEX	100%	0.6%	2.2%
Local Goods Index	74%	0.6%	2.8%
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	23%	0.2%	3.4%
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	23%	1.4%	4.5%
Transport	7%	0.0%	-1.1%
Imported Goods Index	26%	0.6%	0.6%
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	5%	0.2%	5.6%
Furnishing, household equipment	2%	-0.2%	0.2%
Transport	11%	1.2%	-5.2%
Fresh Products index ¹	17%	0.9%	3.9%
Energy index	8%	2.1%	0.5%
General Index excluding fresh Products and energy ²	75%	0.4%	2.0%
Source: NISR			
(1) Fresh products are food products which have seasonal fluctuation	IS		
(2) Proxy for underlying inflation			

4. Methodological notice

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time of goods and services purchased by households. The CPI uses a Modified Laspeyres formula to calculate the index. The reference population for the CPI consists of all households, urban and rural in Rwanda.

The household basket includes 1,022 products sold in many places spread all over the country. A variety of places of observation are selected: shops, markets, hospitals, schools etc. More than 25,392 prices in urban areas and 8,329 in rural areas are collected every month.

The weights used for the index are from the result of the Household Living Conditions Survey (EICV III) conducted in 2010-2011 with a sample of 14,308 households.

4.1. How to Interpret the CPI

Movements of the indices from one month to another usually are expressed as percentage changes rather than changes in index points. The level of the index (relative to its base period) affects index point changes, but it does not affect percent changes.

The following example illustrates how to calculate percentage changes:

Index point changeCPI178Less CPI for previous period 176Equals index point change2

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Percent changeIndex point difference2Divided by the previous index176Equals0.011Results multiplied by 1000.011 x 100Equals percent change1.1

6. Annexes: Reference Tables

			Index (F	eb 2014=′	100)	Percentage chan	Contributions ¹ :		
Code	Categories	Weights	May-14	Apr-15	May-15	on Apr. 2015	on May. 2014	1 month 1	2 months
	GENERAL INDEX	100%	100.6	102.3	102.9	0.6%	2.2%	0.6%	2.2%
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	28%	101.9	105.6	105.8	0.2%	3.8%	0.1	1.1
01.1.1	Bread and cereals	5%	100.5	107.8	107.1	-0.6%	6.5%	0.0	0.3
01.1.2	Meat	2%	100.8	104.6	105.1	0.5%	4.2%	0.0	0.1
01.1.4	Milk cheese and eggs	2%	101.4	103.7	103.7	0.0%	2.2%	0.0	0.0
01.1.7	Vegetables	10%	104.5	109.8	111.0	1.1%	6.2%	0.1	0.7
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	1%	100.0	101.1	101.1	-0.1%	1.1%	0.0	0.0
02	Alcoholic beverages tobacco and narcotics	3%	102.2	103.0	104.7	1.6%	2.4%	0.0	0.1
03	Clothing and footwear	4%	100.8	103.0	103.4	0.4%	2.6%	0.0	0.1
04	Housing water, electricity, gas and other fuels	23%	100.4	103.5	105.0	1.4%	4.5%	0.3	1.0
05	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	4%	100.8	101.5	101.4	-0.1%	0.6%	0.0	0.0
06	Health	1%	100.3	100.2	100.3	0.1%	0.0%	0.0	0.0
07	Transport	18%	98.7	95.6	96.3	0.8%	-2.5%	0.1	-0.4
08	Communication	3%	100.0	100.2	100.2	0.0%	0.2%	0.0	0.0
09	Recreation and culture	2%	100.8	104.9	104.9	0.0%	4.1%	0.0	0.1
10	Education	6%	100.0	100.5	100.5	0.0%	0.5%	0.0	0.0
11	Restaurants and hotels	4%	100.5	103.5	103.5	0.1%	3.1%	0.0	0.1
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	4%	100.5	102.8	102.9	0.2%	2.4%	0.0	0.1

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			Index (F	eb 2014= ⁻	100)	Percentage chang	je in May. 2015	Contrib	utions ¹ :
Code	Categories	Weights	May-14	Apr-15	May-15	on Apr. 2015	on May. 2014	1 month	12 months
	GENERAL INDEX	100%	103.7	105.2	105.0	-0.2%	1.2%	-0.2%	1.2%
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	53%	106.8	108.1	107.8	-0.3%	0.9%	-0.2	0.5
01.1.1	Bread and cereals	7%	104.0	106.7	108.0	1.2%	3.8%	0.1	0.3
01.1.2	Meat	2%	100.8	104.5	105.2	0.7%	4.3%	0.0	0.1
01.1.4	Milk cheese and eggs	1%	98.7	99.3	100.9	1.6%	2.2%	0.0	0.0
01.1.7	Vegetables	30%	110.5	113.1	113.1	0.1%	2.4%	0.0	0.7
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	1%	96.8	98.1	98.9	0.8%	2.1%	0.0	0.0
02	Alcoholic beverages tobacco and narcotics	4%	98.9	107.4	105.8	-1.4%	7.0%	-0.1	0.3
03	Clothing and footwear	5%	100.6	102.0	101.5	-0.5%	0.9%	0.0	0.0
04	Housing water, electricity, gas and other fuels	18%	100.0	101.1	101.3	0.1%	1.3%	0.0	0.2
05	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	3%	100.6	103.0	102.7	-0.3%	2.1%	0.0	0.1
06	Health	1%	100.5	103.9	104.0	0.1%	3.5%	0.0	0.0
07	Transport	6%	100.3	99.0	99.2	0.2%	-1.1%	0.0	-0.2
08	Communication	2%	99.9	100.0	100.0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0	0.0
09	Recreation and culture	1%	100.3	101.5	101.6	0.1%	1.3%	0.0	0.0
10	Education	3%	100.0	105.6	105.7	0.1%	5.7%	0.0	0.1
11	Restaurants and hotels	2%	100.9	101.3	101.2	-0.1%	0.3%	0.0	0.0
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	3%	101.4	101.0	101.2	0.3%	-0.2%	0.0	0.0

			Index (F	eb 2014=1	100)	Percentage char	ige in May. 2015	Contrib	utions ¹ :
Code	Categories	Weights	May-14	Apr-15	May-15	on Apr. 2015	on May. 2014	1 month	12 months
00	GENERAL INDEX	100%	102.6	104.2	104.2	0.1%	1.6%	0.1%	1.6%
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	44%	105.7	107.5	107.4	-0.2%	1.6%	-0.1	0.7
01.1.1	Bread and cereals	6%	103.0	107.0	107.7	0.7%	4.6%	0.0	0.3
01.1.2	Meat	2%	100.8	104.5	105.2	0.6%	4.3%	0.0	0.1
01.1.4	Milk cheese and eggs	1%	99.9	101.2	102.1	0.9%	2.2%	0.0	0.0
01.1.7	Vegetables	23%	109.6	112.6	112.8	0.2%	2.9%	0.1	0.7
01.2	Non-alcoholic beverages	1%	98.2	99.4	99.8	0.4%	1.6%	0.0	0.0
02	Alcoholic beverages tobacco and narcotics	4%	99.8	106.2	105.5	-0.7%	5.7%	0.0	0.2
03	Clothing and footwear	5%	100.6	102.3	102.1	-0.2%	1.5%	0.0	0.1
04	Housing water, electricity, gas and other fuels	20%	100.2	102.1	102.8	0.7%	2.6%	0.1	0.5
05	Furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance	4%	100.6	102.4	102.2	-0.2%	1.5%	0.0	0.1
06	Health	1%	100.4	102.1	102.2	0.1%	1.8%	0.0	0.0
07	Transport	10%	99.3	96.8	97.3	0.5%	-2.0%	0.0	-0.2
08	Communication	2%	100.0	100.1	100.1	0.0%	0.1%	0.0	0.0
09	Recreation and culture	1%	100.6	103.4	103.4	0.0%	2.9%	0.0	0.0
10	Education	4%	100.0	102.8	102.8	0.0%	2.8%	0.0	0.1
11	Restaurants and hotels	3%	100.7	102.4	102.3	0.0%	1.7%	0.0	0.1
12	Miscellaneous goods and services	3%	101.0	101.7	102.0	0.2%	0.9%	0.0	0.0

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